

Supplementary Material

Facile synthesis and structures of silver formamidinates and pyrazolates

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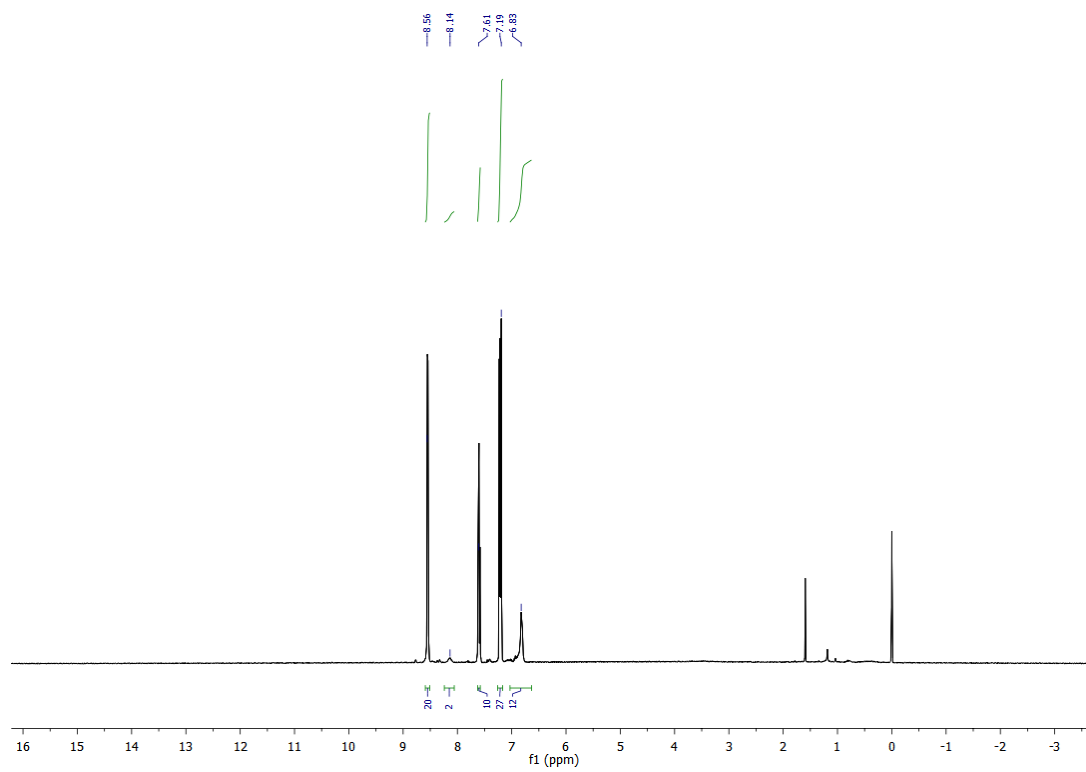


Fig. S1 ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Ag}_2(\text{DFForm})_2(\text{py})_2]$ (**1**)

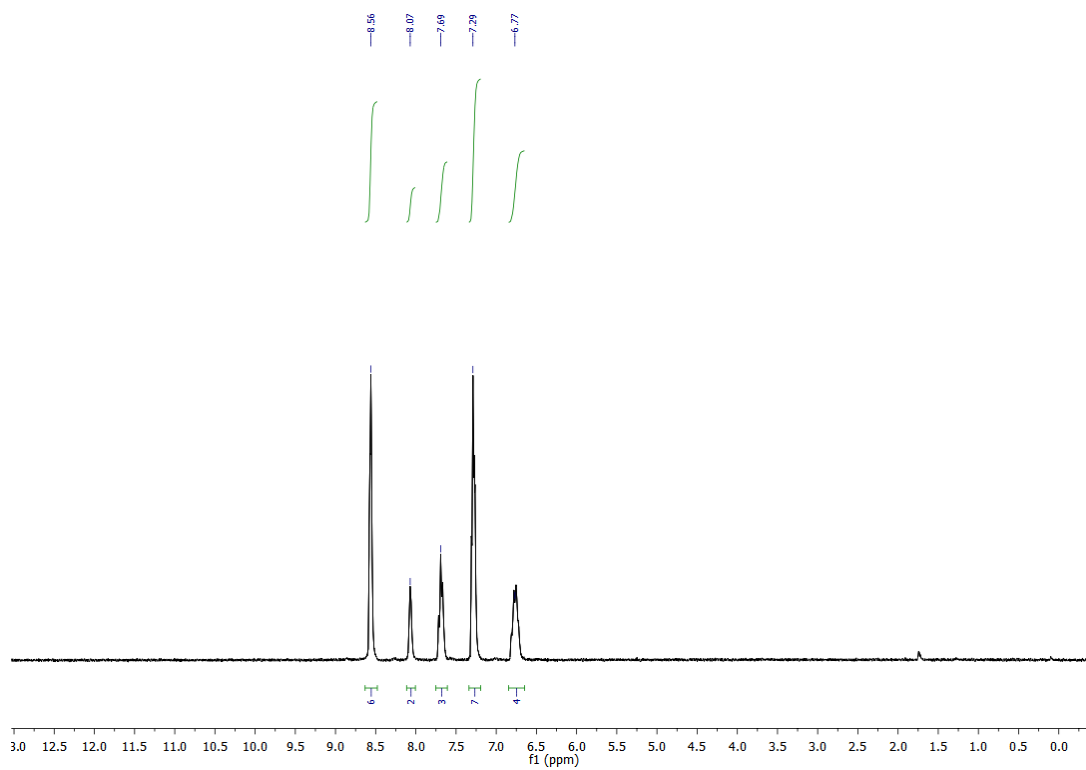


Fig. S2 ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Ag}_2(2,3,4,6\text{TFForm})_2(\text{py})_3]$ (**2**)

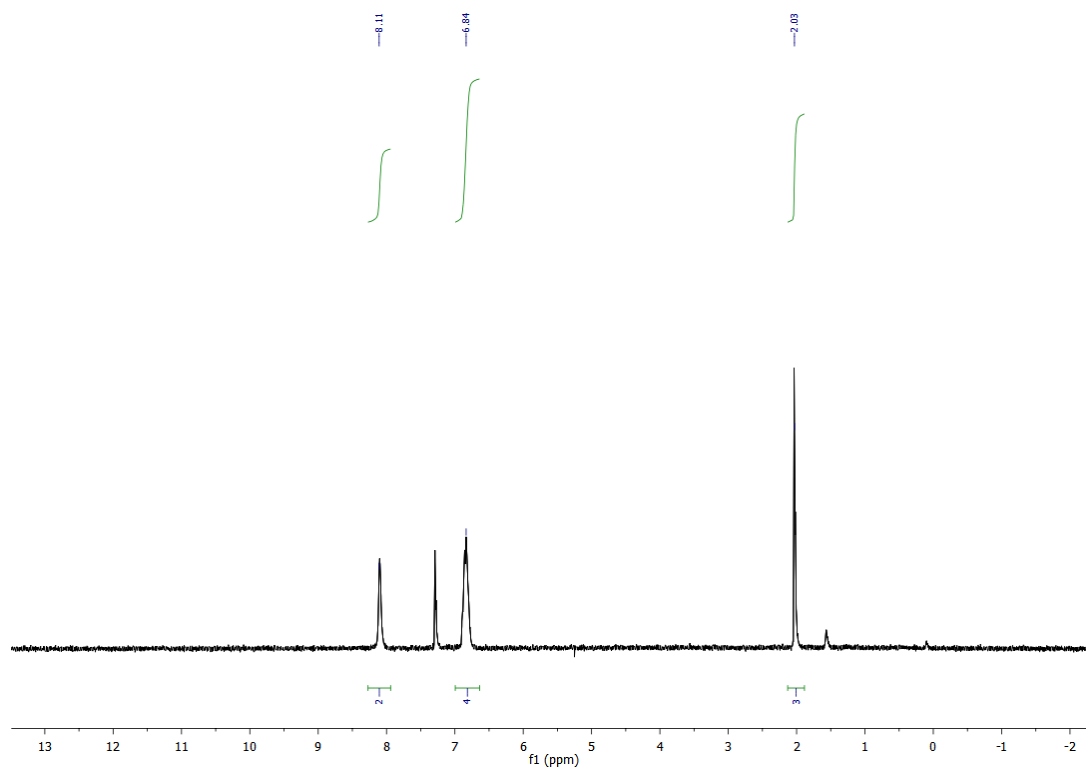


Fig. S3 ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Ag}_2(2,3,4,6\text{TFForm})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2]$ (**2a**)

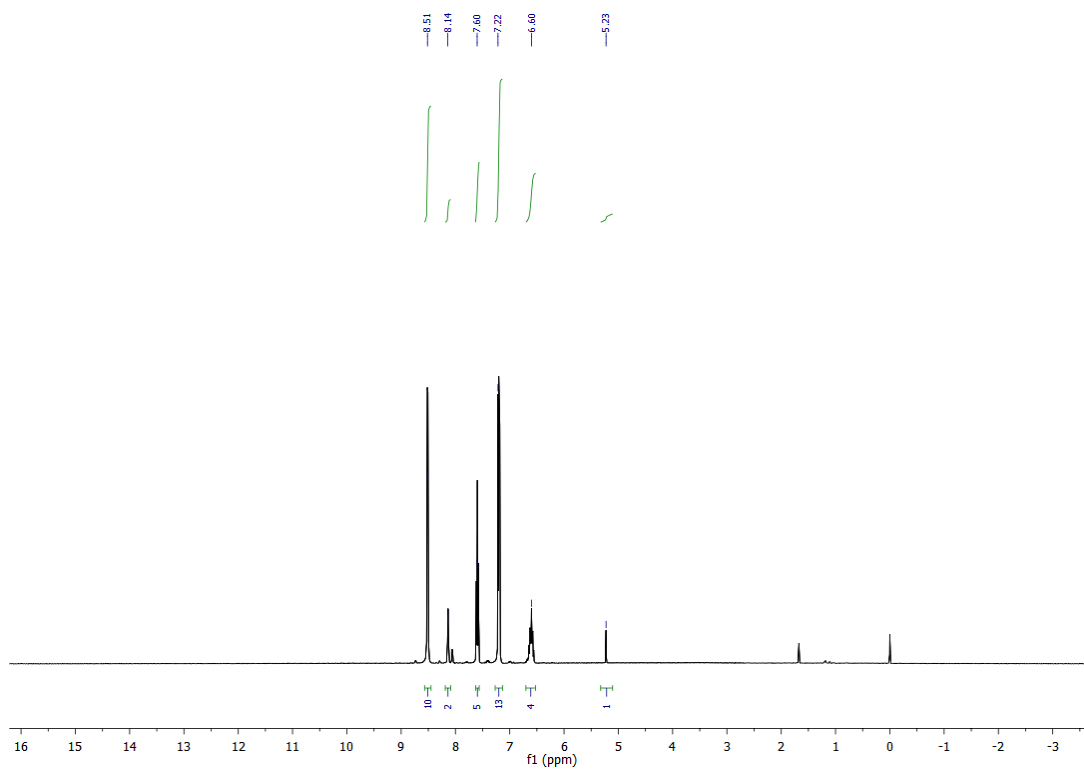


Fig. S4 ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Ag}_2(2,3,5,6\text{TFForm})_2(\text{py})_3]$ (**3**)

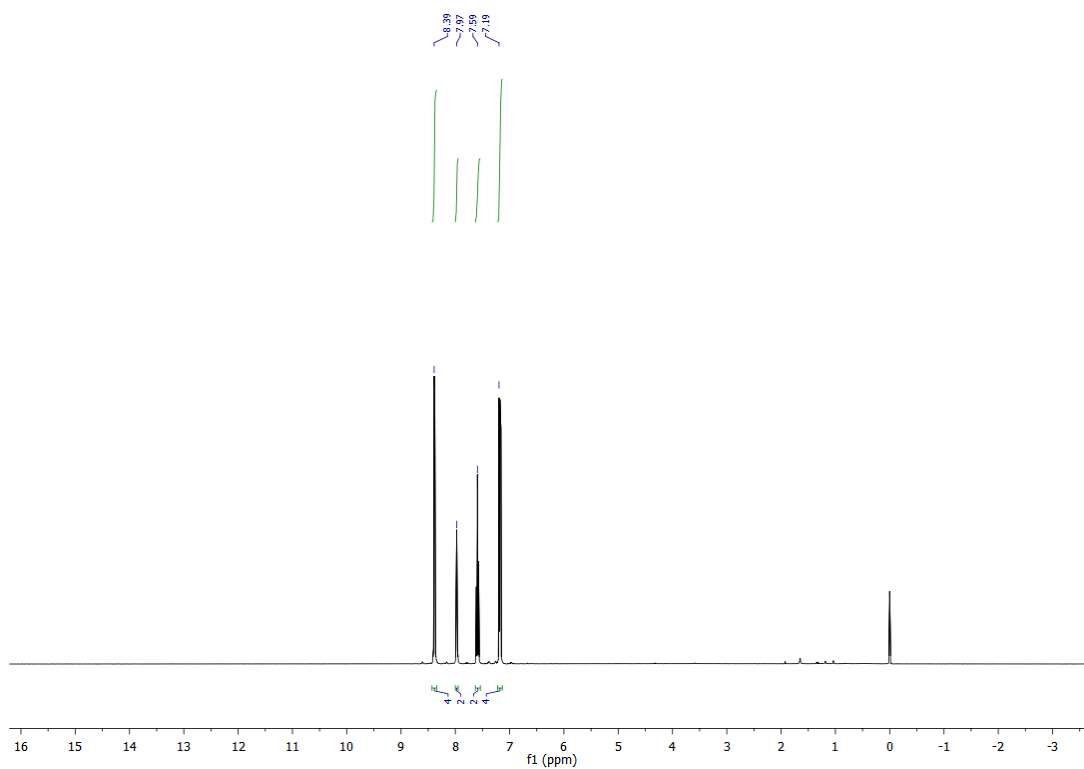


Fig. S5 ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Ag}_2(\text{PFForm})_2(\text{py})_3]$ (**4**)

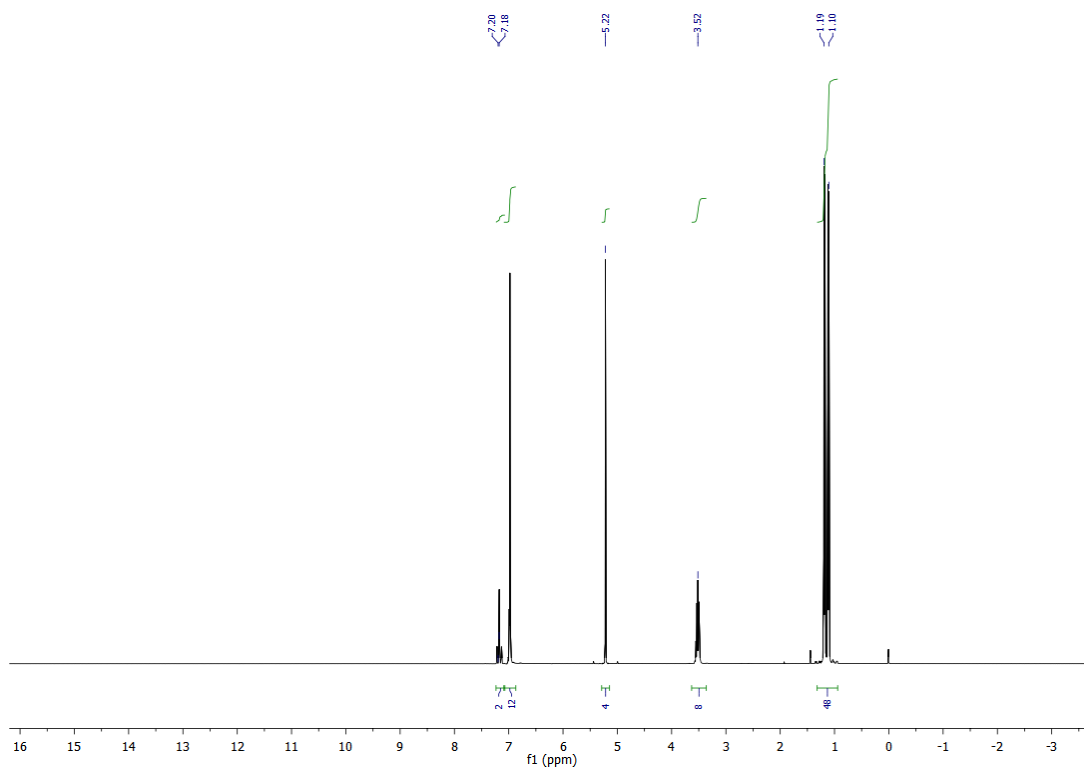


Fig. S6 ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Ag}_2(\text{DippForm})_2] \cdot 1.25\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (**5**)

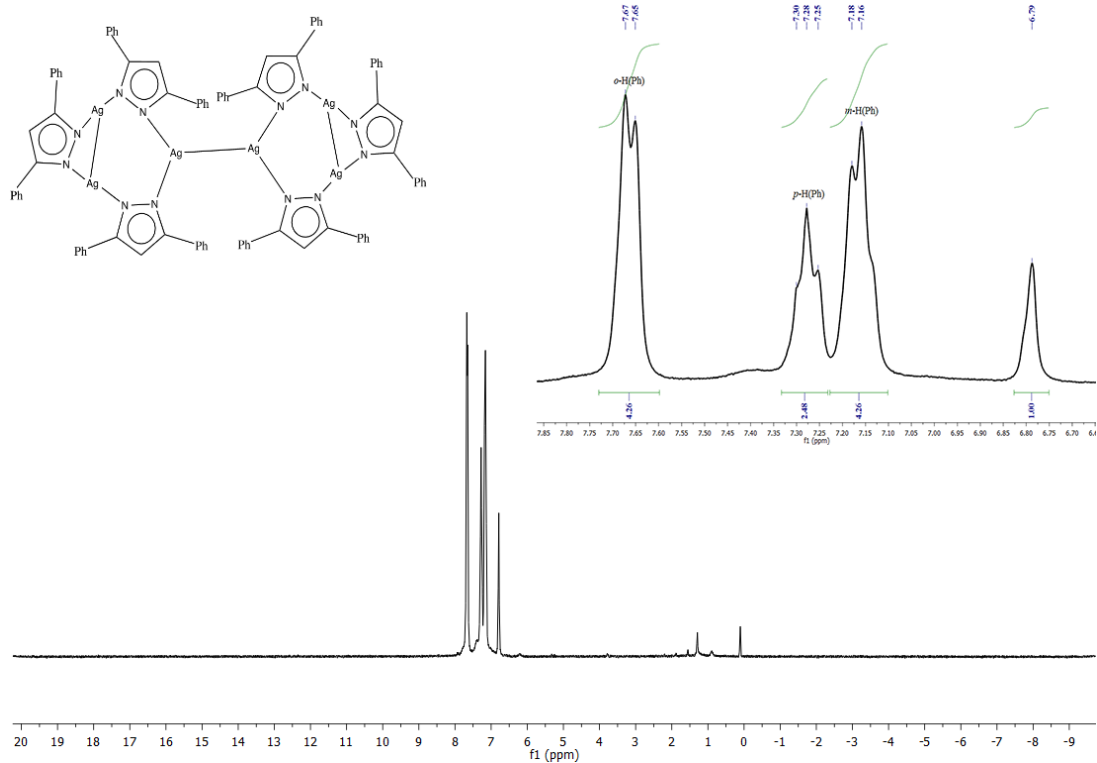


Fig. S7 ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\{\text{Ag}_3(\text{Ph}_2\text{pz})_3\}_2]$ (**6**)

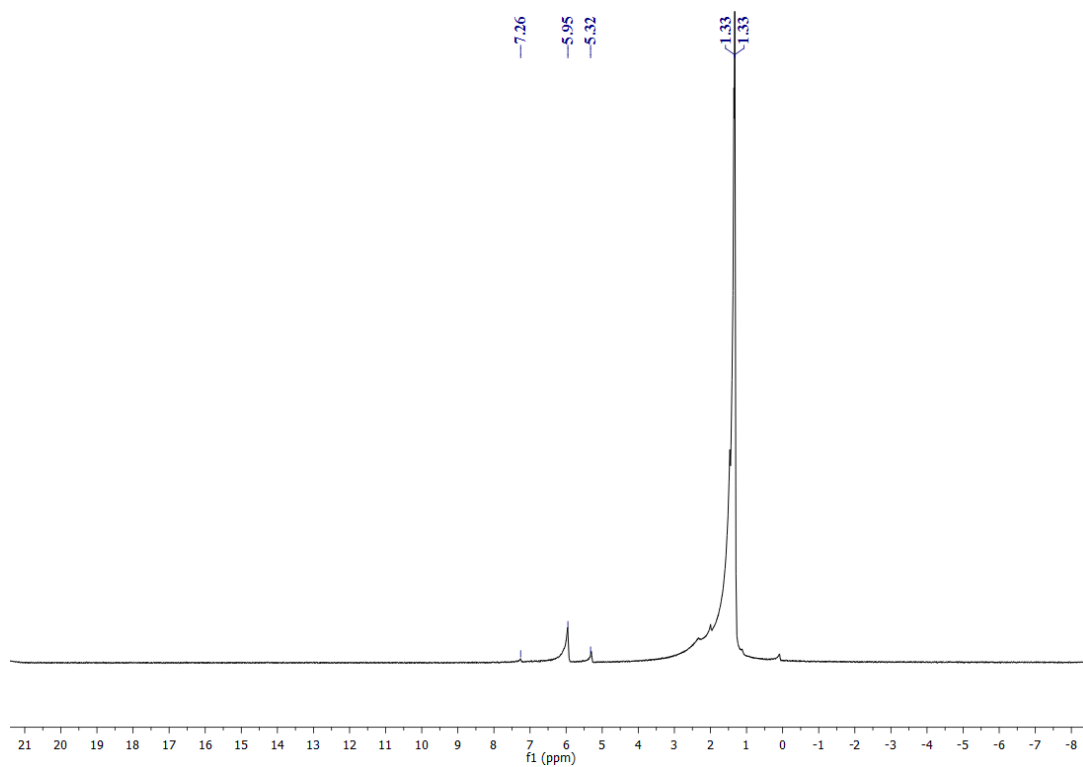


Fig. S8 ¹H NMR spectrum of [Ag(*t*Bu₂pz)]₄ (**7**)

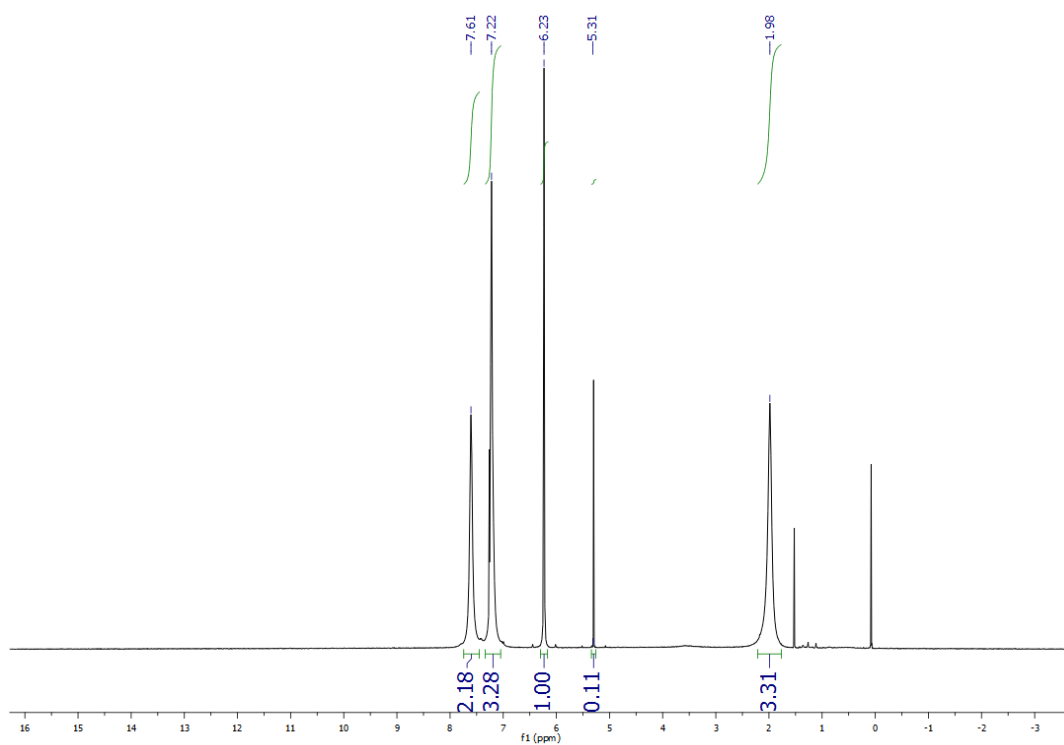


Fig. S9 ¹H NMR spectrum of [{Ag₃(PhMepz)₃}] (**8**)

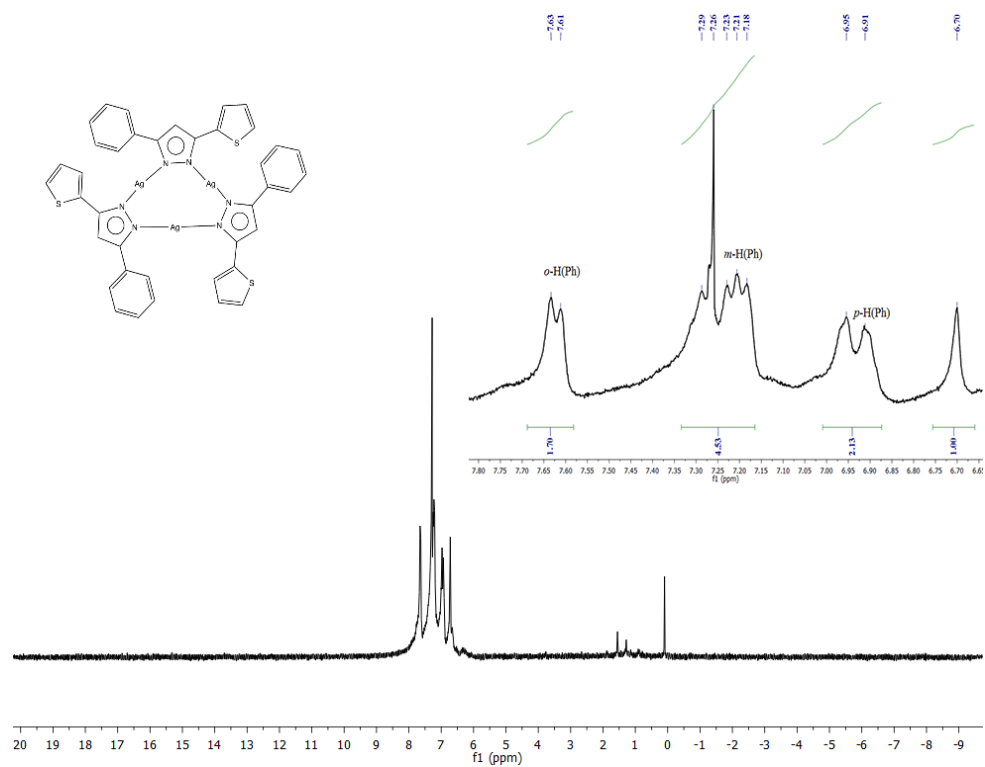


Fig. S10 ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\{\text{Ag}_3(\text{Phtpz})_3\}]$ (9)

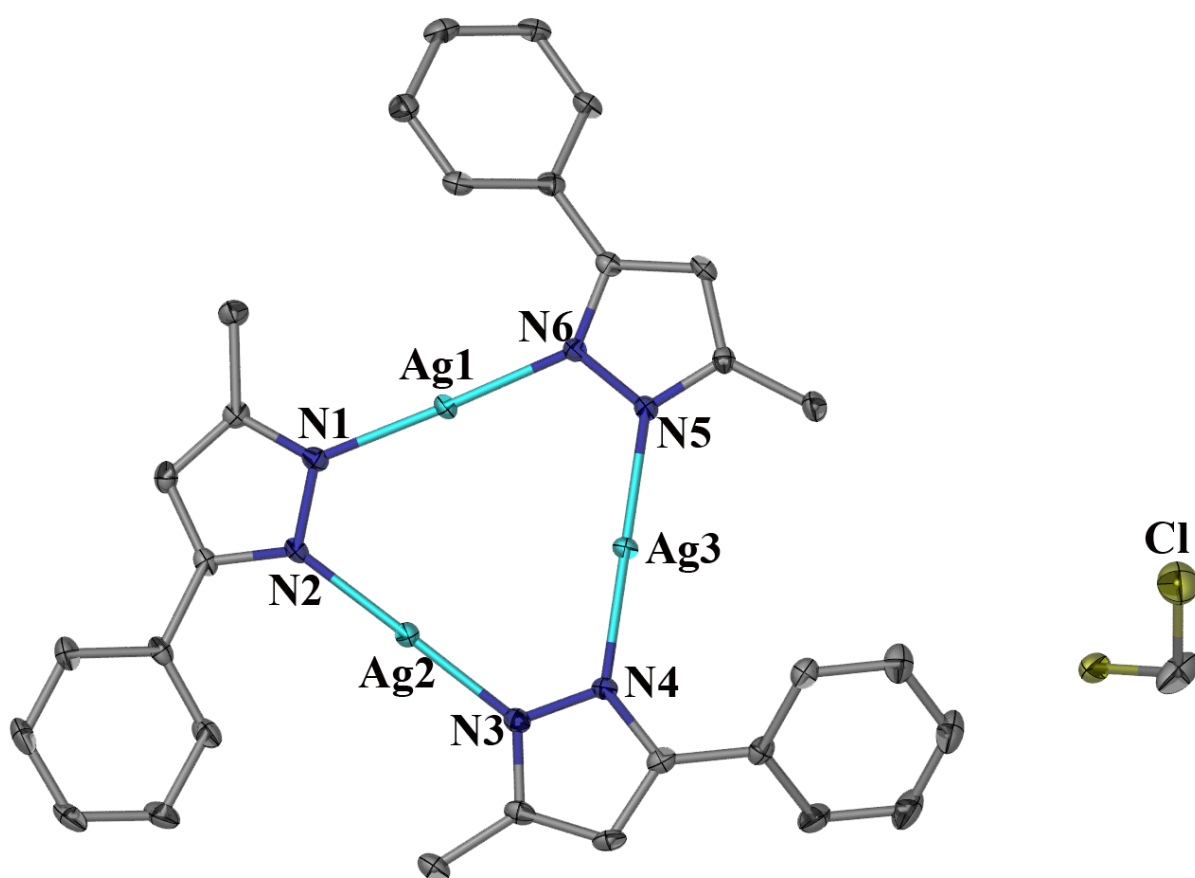


Figure S11. Molecular structure of **8** with non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% probability thermal ellipsoids

X-ray crystallography:

Single crystals coated with viscous hydrocarbon oil were mounted on glass fibres or loops. Complexes **2**, **2a**, **3** and **8** were measured on a “Bruker APEX-II CCD” diffractometer equipped with graphite-monochromated Mo- K_{α} radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) at 123 K, mounted on a fibre loop in crystallography oil. Absorption corrections were completed using Apex II program suite using SADABS.¹ Others (**1**, **4**, **9-11**) were measured at the Australian Synchrotron on the MX1 beamline, data integration was completed using Blue-ice² and XDS³ software programs. Structural solutions were obtained by either direct methods⁴ or charge flipping⁵ methods and refined using full-matrix least-squares methods against F^2 using SHELX2018,⁶ in conjunction with the Olex2⁵ graphical user interface. All hydrogen atoms were placed in calculated positions using the riding model. The disordered phenyl and thienyl groups in the crystal structure of $[\{\text{Ag}_3(\text{Phtpz})_3\}]$ (**9**) made it in low quality and low precision and it is just suitable for compound identification only. Crystal data and refinement details are given in **Table S1**.

Table S1. Crystal data and structural refinement for organosilver formamidinates **1-4** and **8-**

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	1	2	2a	3	4
Formula	C ₃₆ H ₂₄ Ag ₂ F ₈ N ₆	C ₄₁ H ₂₁ Ag ₂ F ₁₆ N ₇	C ₃₀ H ₁₂ Ag ₂ F ₁₆ N ₆	C ₄₁ H ₂₁ Ag ₂ F ₁₆ N ₇	C ₄₁ H ₁₇ Ag ₂ F ₂₀ N ₇
<i>M_r</i>	908.35	1131.39	976.20	1131.39	1203.35
Space group	<i>P</i> -1	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>c</i>	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>n</i>	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2
<i>a</i> (Å)	8.2030(16)	22.698(5)	13.207(3)	13.9101(3)	14.369(3)
<i>b</i> (Å)	11.086(2)	8.6380(17)	8.4560(17)	17.287(4)	17.302(4)
<i>c</i> (Å)	11.255(2)	20.390(4)	15.508(3)	8.2383(16)	8.1860(16)
α (°)	61.47(3)	90	90	90	90
β (°)	73.09(3)	90.30(3)	111.35(3)	90	90
γ (°)	70.49(3)	90	90	90	90
<i>V</i> (Å³)	836.9(4)	3997.7(14)	1613.1(6)	1981.0(7)	2035.1(7)
<i>Z</i>	1	4	2	2	2
ρ_{calc}, g cm⁻³	1.803	1.880	2.010	1.897	1.964

μ , mm ⁻¹	1.252	1.097	1.341	1.107	1.098
N_{τ}	16052	30082	22053	33675	30346
$N (R_{int})$	4722(0.0542)	4050(0.0630)	3820(0.0608)	4372(0.0555)	4771(0.0261)
$R_1 (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0301	0.0360	0.0346	0.0346	0.0229
wR_2 (all data)	0.0813	0.0849	0.0895	0.0840	0.0571
GOF	1.121	1.074	1.059	1.064	1.126

	8	9	10	11
Formula	C _{30.5} H ₂₈ Ag ₃ ClN ₆	C ₃₉ H ₂₇ Ag ₃ N ₆ S ₃	C ₂₄ H ₁₂ Ag ₃ F ₉ N ₆ S ₃	C ₇₈ H ₆₉ Ag ₂ Cl ₃ N ₂ P ₄
M_r	837.65	999.45	975.19	1480.32
Space group	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> -1	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>c</i>	<i>I</i> 4 ₁
a (Å)	7.3723(2)	12.726(3)	27.160(5)	20.261(3)
b (Å)	14.0695(5)	15.974(3)	11.115(2)	20.261(3)
c (Å)	15.0692(5)	18.871(4)	23.475(5)	34.204(7)
α (°)	108.2680(10)	102.14(3)	90	90
β (°)	102.4750(10)	94.39(3)	124.83(3)	90
γ (°)	90.7980(10)	106.72(3)	90	90
V (Å ³)	1443.60(8)	3553.2(14)	5817(3)	14041(5)
Z	2	4	8	8
ρ_{calc} , g cm ⁻³	1.927	1.868	2.227	1.401
μ , mm ⁻¹	2.140	1.853	2.302	0.808
N_{τ}	28902	62101	40842	62779
$N (R_{int})$	6644(0.0306)	12258(0.0288)	7134(0.0753)	16724(0.0425)
$R_1 (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0213	0.0919	0.0830	0.0432
wR_2 (all data)	0.0481	0.2290	0.3009	0.1074
GOF	1.056	1.065	1.131	1.049

Theoretical Methodology

All geometry optimisations were performed with Gaussian 16⁷ using M06-2X functional,⁸ aug-cc-pVDZ Dunning's basis set⁹ and a universal solvation model based on density (SMD),¹⁰ with water as solvent. Frequency calculations were carried out to ensure the location of energy minima.¹⁰ For each compound in its lowest energy conformation pKa values were calculated using the chemical reaction



Standard physical chemistry formulae were used to predict the pKa values:

$$pK_a = \frac{\Delta G}{2.303 \cdot RT} \quad (2)$$

$$\Delta G = \Delta E + \Delta ZPVE + TC - T\Delta S + \Delta(\Delta G_{solv}) \quad (3)$$

where ΔG is the Gibbs free energy of eq. 1, E is the electronic energy calculate with M06-2X/cc-pVTZ, ZPVE is zero-point vibrational energy taken from the geometry optimisation and ΔG_{solv} is the solvation energy calculated as the difference between single points energies in solvent (water) and gas at M06-2X/cc-pVTZ level of theory for both the base (B) and its conjugated anion (B⁻). The latter was suggested as an important correction by Ho and Coote (2010).¹¹ For more detail on the formulae for temperature correction (TC) and entropy (S), see elsewhere.^{12,13} In this present study, Camaioni's and Schwerdtfeger's value¹⁴ of -1112.52kJ/mol for $\Delta G_s(H^+)$ while the value of $G_{gas}(H^+)$ of -18.36kJ/mol was derived using the Sackur-Tetrode equation.¹⁵

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