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Wildlife Research

Supplementary Material

Spatiotemporal responses of ungulates to hunting in a fenced multi-use area

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Supporting Information

Table S1. Model variables and their data types and definition used in the spatial analysis.

| Variables | Data type | Definition |
|------------------|------------------|--|
| Elk | Integer | Number of elk events |
| Moose | Integer | Number of moose events |
| Deer | Integer | Number of deer events |
| Human | Integer | Number of human events |
| Temp | Numeric | Mean temperature during the week for a specific camera |
| Hunting | Factor | Whether it was the hunting period or not while the image was taken (Yes or no) |
| Closed | Numeric | The amount of vegetation within a 1500-meter radius from the camera |
| Water | Numeric | The amount of water within a 5100-meter radius from the camera |
| Trail | Factor | The location of the camera (Trail or No trail) |
| Parking lots | Numeric | Distance from camera to nearest parking lots |
| Site | Character | The camera ID |

Table S2. Number of independent events in total and average per day during hunting period, non-hunting period and in total for all species across all camera sites.

| Species | Scientific name | Hunting period | | Non-hunting period | | Total |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------|--------------------|---------|-------|
| | | Total | Per day | Total | Per day | |
| Elk | <i>Cervus canadensis</i> | 261 | 8.7 | 3258 | 9.73 | 3519 |
| Moose | <i>Alces alces</i> | 47 | 1.57 | 1106 | 3.30 | 1153 |
| White-tailed deer | <i>Odocoileus virginianus</i> | 234 | 7.8 | 2474 | 7.39 | 2708 |
| Human | <i>Homo sapiens</i> | 683 | 22.77 | 7423 | 22.16 | 8106 |

Table S3. Outcome of the Hermans-Rasson test (N: sample size, T: test statistic, *P*: probability value) and for all species during hunting and non-hunting season and the coefficients of temporal overlap (Δ : estimate of overlap, 95% CI: 95% confidence interval, *p*: probability value) between the two seasons captured in Cooking – Lake Blackfoot Provincial Area, Canada, 2017-2018. Significant *P* values are highlighted in bold

| Species | Period | N | T | <i>P</i> | Δ | 95% CI | <i>p</i> |
|---------|-------------|------|---------|---------------|----------|--------|------------------|
| Elk | Hunting | 261 | 76.94 | 0.0001 | 0.69 | 0.64 – | <0.001 |
| | Non-hunting | 3258 | 892.22 | 0.0001 | | 0.74 | |
| Moose | Hunting | 47 | 19.18 | 0.0001 | 0.66 | 0.54 – | <0.001 |
| | Non-hunting | 1106 | 249.68 | 0.0001 | | 0.78 | |
| Deer | Hunting | 234 | 13.45 | 0.0006 | 0.86 | 0.81 – | <0.001 |
| | Non-hunting | 2474 | 278.46 | 0.0001 | | 0.91 | |
| Human | Hunting | 683 | 396.61 | 0.0001 | 0.84 | 0.81 – | <0.001 |
| | Non-hunting | 7423 | 6630.74 | 0.0001 | | 0.87 | |

Table S4. Temporal overlap estimates between humans and the other four species (elk, moose, deer, and coyote) for all four biological seasons.

| Species | Spring | Summer | Fall | Winter |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| Elk | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.29 | 0.30 |
| Moose | 0.20 | 0.22 | 0.35 | 0.26 |
| Deer | 0.43 | 0.39 | 0.44 | 0.25 |