

### Supplementary Material

#### **A novel *Leifsonia xyli* subsp. *xyli* quantitative LAMP-based diagnostic correlated with sugarcane ratoon stunting disease rating**

*Moutoshi Chakraborty*<sup>A,B,\*</sup>, *Shamsul A. Bhuiyan*<sup>C,D</sup>, *Simon Strachan*<sup>B,C</sup>, *Sithi Saha*<sup>D</sup>, *Rabbee G. Mahmudunnabi*<sup>B,C</sup>, *Nam-Trung Nguyen*<sup>C</sup>, *Muhammad J. A. Shiddiky*<sup>B,C,E</sup>, and *Rebecca Ford*<sup>A,B</sup>

<sup>A</sup>Centre for Planetary Health and Food Security (CPHFS), Nathan Campus, Griffith University (GU), Nathan, Qld 4111, Australia.

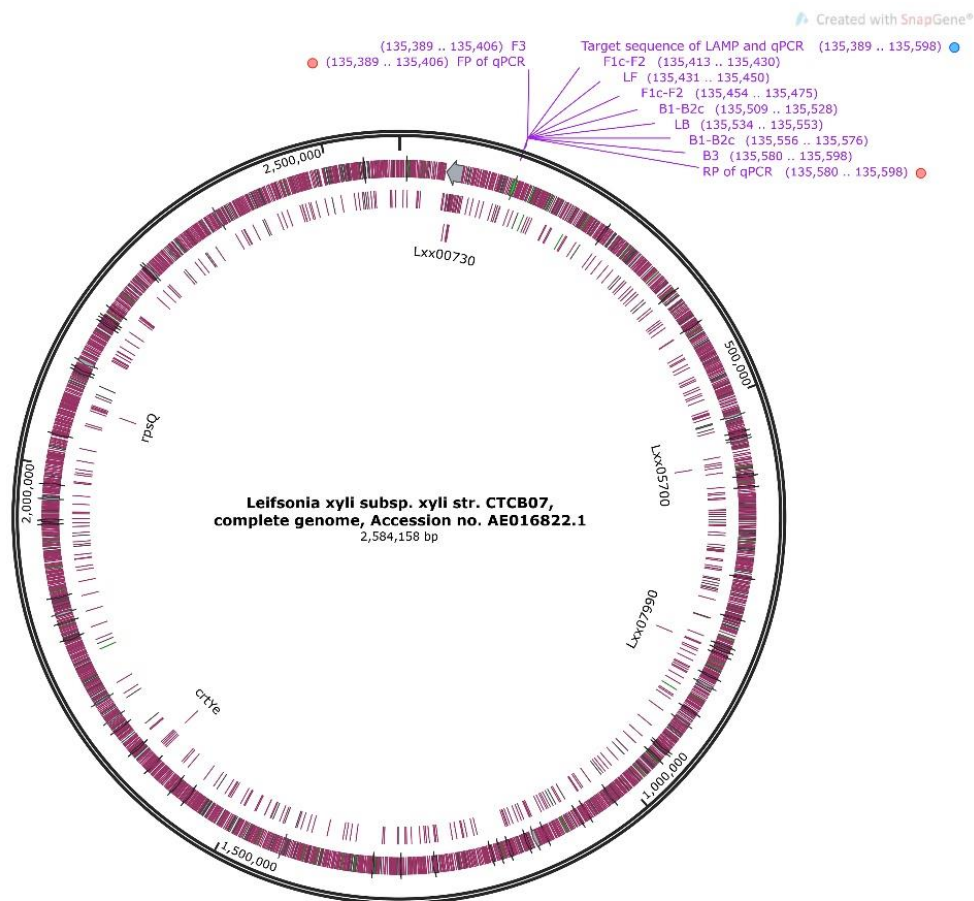
<sup>B</sup>School of Environment and Science (ESC), Nathan Campus, Griffith University, Nathan, Qld 4111, Australia.

<sup>C</sup>Queensland Micro and Nanotechnology Centre (QMNC), Nathan Campus, Griffith University, Nathan, Qld 4111, Australia.

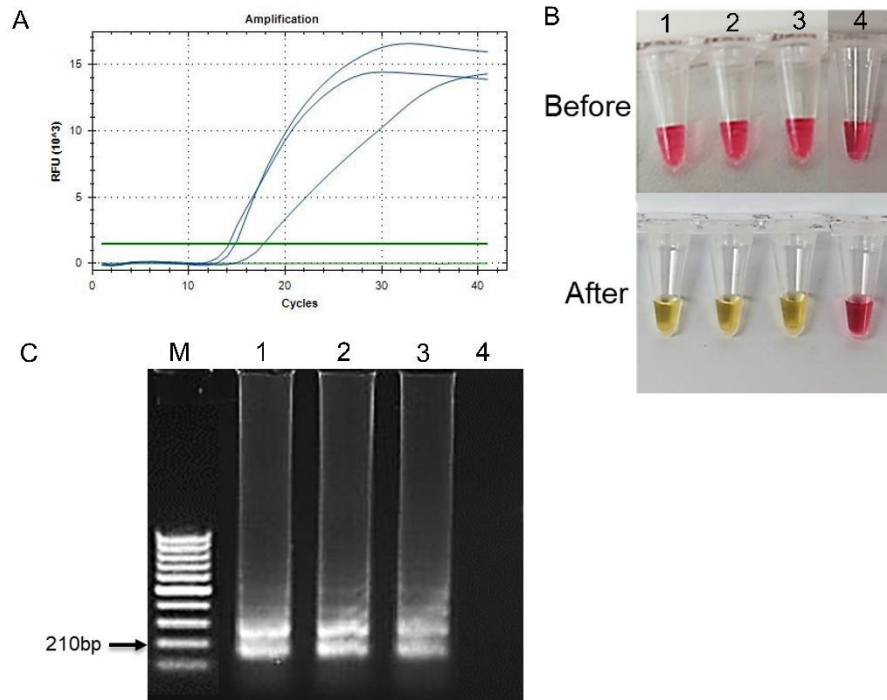
<sup>D</sup>Sugar Research Australia (SRA), 90 Old Cove Road, Woodford, Qld 4514, Australia.

<sup>E</sup>Rural Health Research Institute (RHRI), Charles Sturt University, Orange, NSW 2800, Australia.

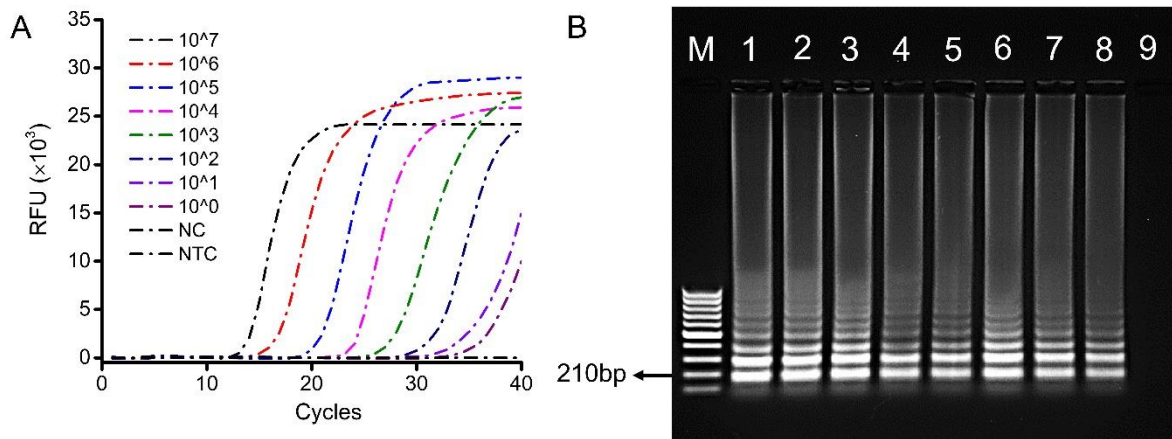
\*Correspondence to: Moutoshi Chakraborty Centre for Planetary Health and Food Security (CPHFS), School of Environment and Science (ESC), Nathan Campus, Griffith University, Nathan, Qld 4111, Australia Email: [moutoshi.chakraborty@griffithuni.edu.au](mailto:moutoshi.chakraborty@griffithuni.edu.au)



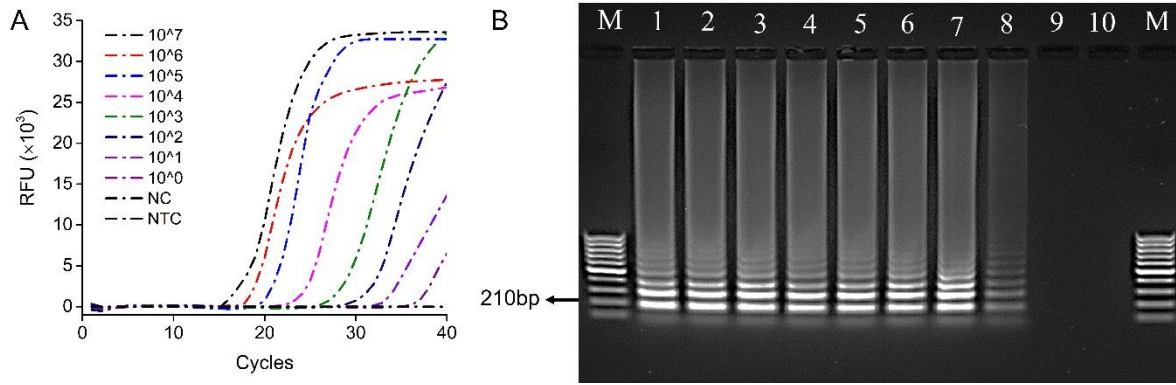
**Supplementary Figure S1:** SnapGene view of Selected 210bp conserved section of the intergenic spacer (IGS) region between 16S and 23S rRNA genes (GenBank accession no. AE016822.1) corresponding to positions 1,35,389–1,35,598 in *Leifsonia xyli* subsp. *xyli* strain CTCB07 complete genome along with designated LAMP and qPCR primers.



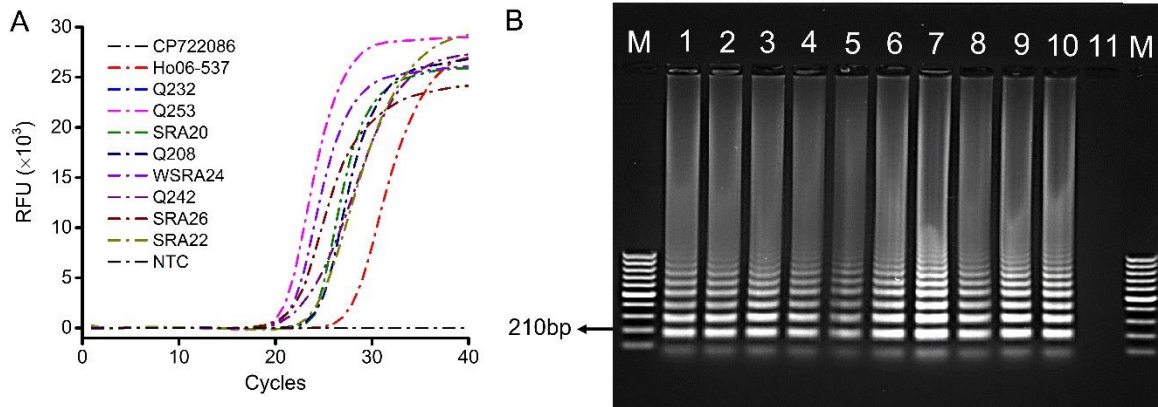
**Supplementary Figure S2:** LAMP primer pairs checking with synthetic target. (a) Fluorescence LAMP detection for known concentration of synthetic target ( $10^7$  copies/ $\mu\text{L}$  or  $10\text{ pg}/\mu\text{L}$ ); (b) Colorimetric detection of the sample. (c) Agarose gel electrophoresis of the sample. Lane M:  $100\text{bp}^+$  marker; Lanes 1 to 3:  $10^7$  copies/ $\mu\text{L}$  ( $10\text{pM}$ ) of synthetic target; Lane 4: No Target Control (NTC).



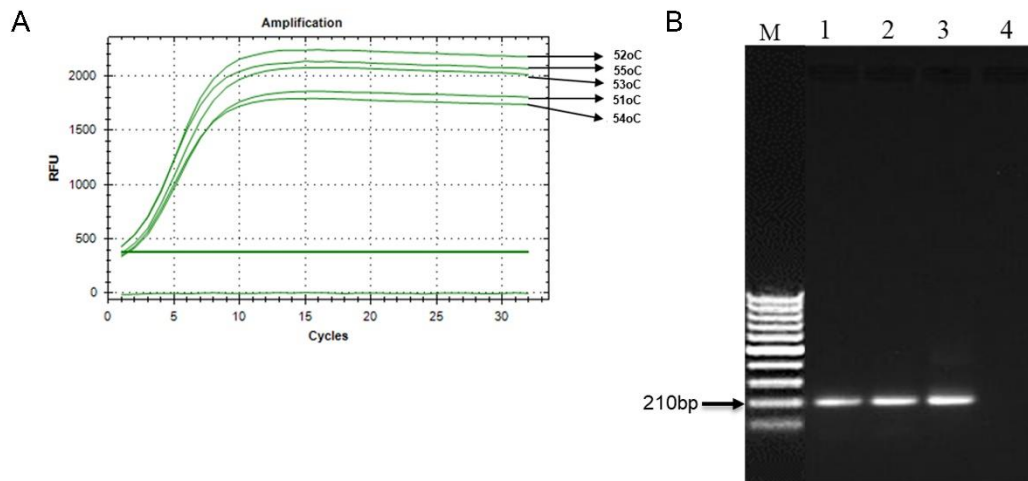
**Supplementary Figure S3:** (a) Florescent LAMP detection and (b) Agarose gel electrophoresis of LAMP amplified products for designated concentrations of synthetic target. Lane M: 100bp+ marker; Lanes 1 to 8: 1:10 dilutions of synthetic target ( $10^7$ - $10^0$  copies/ $\mu$ L, or 10 pg/ $\mu$ L-1ag/ $\mu$ L); Lane 9: No Target Control (NTC).



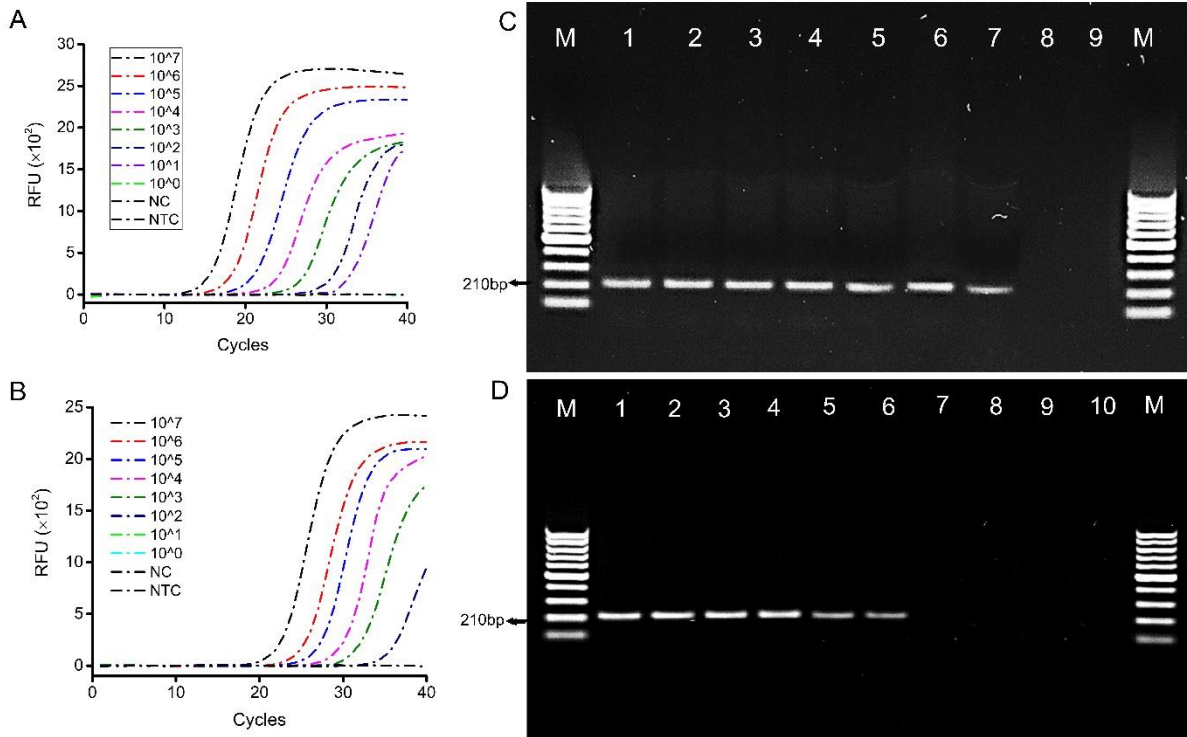
**Supplementary Figure S4:** (a) Florescent LAMP detection and (b) Agarose gel electrophoresis of LAMP amplified products for designated number of *Lxx* cells ( $10^7$ - $10^0$  cells/ $\mu$ L) spiked in fresh xylem sap. Lane M: 100bp+ marker; Lanes 1 to 8: 1:10 dilutions of spiking *Lxx* cells ( $10^7$ - $10^0$  cells/ $\mu$ L); Lane 9: No Target Control (NTC); Lane 10: Known number of *Xalb* cells ( $10^7$  cells/ $\mu$ L).



**Supplementary Figure S5:** Field application of assay. (a) Florescent LAMP detection and (b) Agarose gel electrophoresis of LAMP amplified products for all the xylem sap samples collected from SRA Woodford RSD screening trials. Lane M: 100bp+ marker; Lanes 1 to 10: RSD-infected xylem sap samples- CP72-2086, Ho06-537, Q232, Q253, SRA20, Q208, WSRA24, Q242, SRA26, and SRA22; Lane 11: No Target Control (NTC).

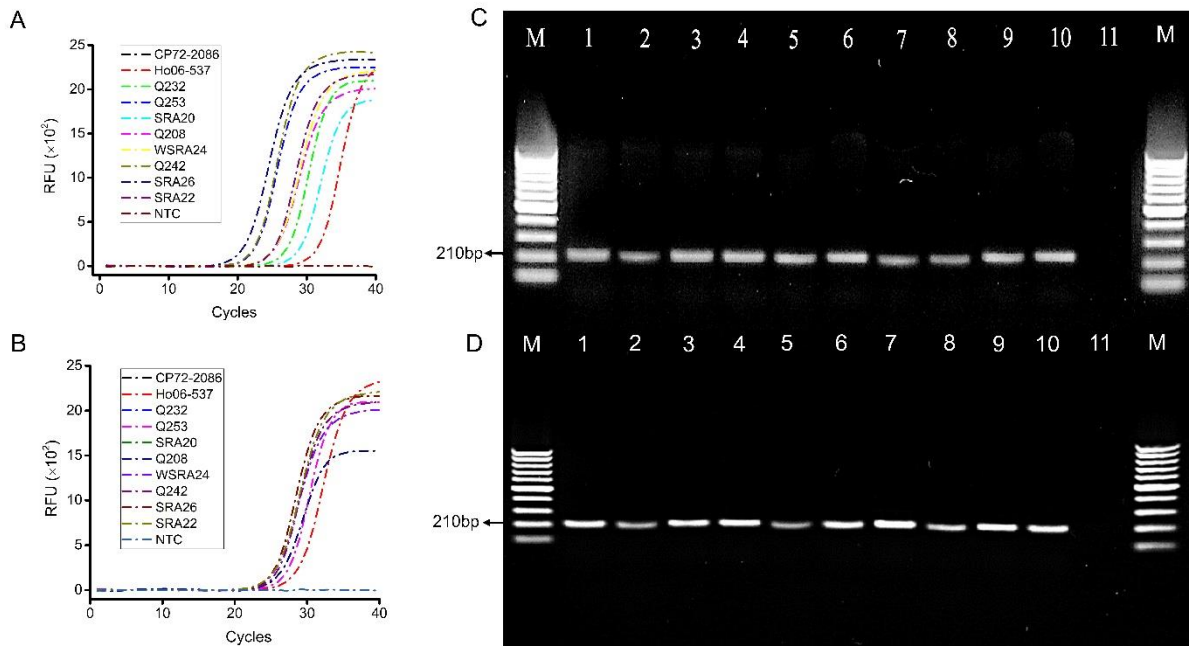


**Supplementary Figure S6:** qPCR primer pair checking with synthetic target. (a) Fluorescence qPCR detection of known concentration of synthetic target; (b) Agarose gel electrophoresis of the amplified products. Lane M: 100bp<sup>+</sup> marker; Lanes 1 to 3: 10<sup>10</sup> copies/ $\mu$ L (10 ng/ $\mu$ L) of synthetic target; Lane 4: No Target Control (NTC).



**Supplementary Figure S7:** Validation of the assay using qPCR. Fluorescence qPCR detection for (a) Designated concentrations of synthetic target ( $10^7$ - $10^0$  copies/ $\mu$ L, or 10 pg/ $\mu$ L-1ag/ $\mu$ L); (b) Purified DNA extracted from known number of *Lxx* cells spiked in the fresh xylem sap ( $10^7$ - $10^0$  cells/mL). Agarose gel electrophoresis of the amplified products of (c) Designated concentrations of synthetic target; Where, Lane M: 100bp+ marker; Lanes 1 to 8: Serial dilutions of synthetic target ( $10^7$ - $10^0$  copies/ $\mu$ L, or 10 pg/ $\mu$ L-1ag/ $\mu$ L); Lane 9: No Target Control (NTC); (d) Purified DNA extracted from a known number of *Lxx* cells spiked in the fresh sap ( $10^7$ - $10^0$  cells/mL). Where, Lane M: 100bp+ marker; Lanes 1 to 8: Purified DNA extracted from known number of *Lxx* cells spiked in the fresh sap ( $10^7$ - $10^0$  cells/mL); Lane 9: No Target Control (NTC); Lane 10: Negative control (NC).





**Supplementary Figure S8:** Field sample validation with qPCR. Fluorescence qPCR detection for all the analyzed xylem sap samples collected from SRA Woodford RSD screening trials; (a) Heat-induced DNA isolation technique; (b) Commercial kit-based DNA extraction technique. Agarose gel electrophoresis of qPCR amplified products. Where, Lane M: 100bp+ marker; Lanes 1 to 10: RSD-infected xylem sap samples- CP72-2086, Ho06-537, Q232, Q253, SRA20, Q208, WSRA24, Q242, SRA26, and SRA22; Lane 11: No Target Control (NTC).