Taxonomically constrained reporting framework limits biodiversity data for aquarium fish imports to Australia

Alejandro Trujillo-González^{A,B,D} and Thane A. Militz^C

^ACentre for Sustainable Tropical Fisheries and Aquaculture, College of Science and Engineering, James Cook University, Townsville, Qld 4811, Australia.

^BInstitute for Applied Ecology, University of Canberra, 40 Bunda Street, Canberra, ACT 2617, Australia.

^CAustralian Centre for Pacific Islands Research and Faculty of Science, Health, Education and Engineering, University of the Sunshine Coast, Maroochydore, Qld 4558, Australia.

^DCorresponding author. Email: alejandro.trujillogonzalez@canberra.edu.au

Table S1. The Australian Government Department of Agriculture and Water Resources (DAWR) list of approved countries from which live freshwater and marine aquarium fishes can be imported to Australia, effective 3 June 2016 to 22 October 2016.

Freshwater	Marine
Belgium	Bahrain
China	Belgium
Federated States of Micronesia	China
Fiji	Federated States of Micronesia
French Polynesia	Fiji
Germany	French Polynesia
Honduras	Germany
Hong Kong	Hong Kong
Indonesia	Indonesia
Kenya	Kenya
Malaysia	Malaysia
New Caledonia	New Caledonia
New Zealand	New Zealand
Nicaragua	Philippines
Philippines	Saudi Arabia
Saudi Arabia	Senegal
Senegal	Seychelles
Seychelles	Singapore
Singapore	Solomon Islands
Solomon Islands	South Africa
South Africa	Sri Lanka
Sri Lanka	Taiwan
Thailand	Tanzania
United States of America	Thailand
	United States of America
	Vanuatu